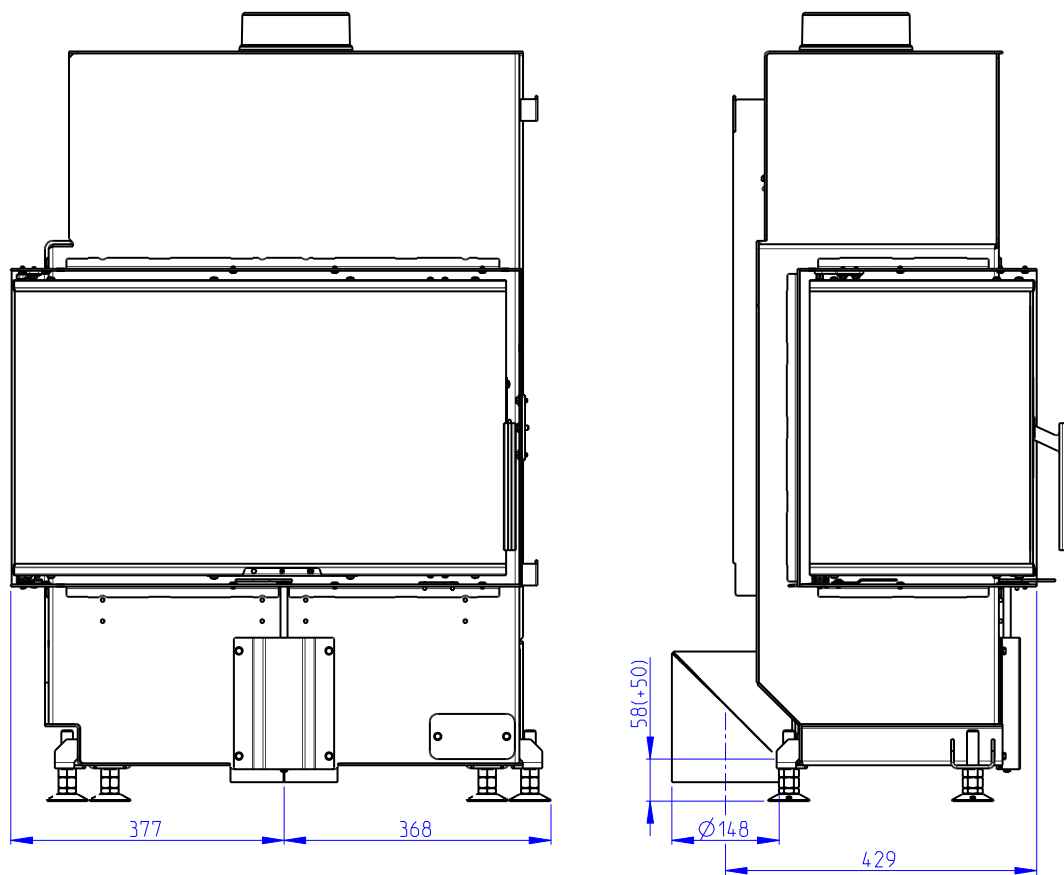
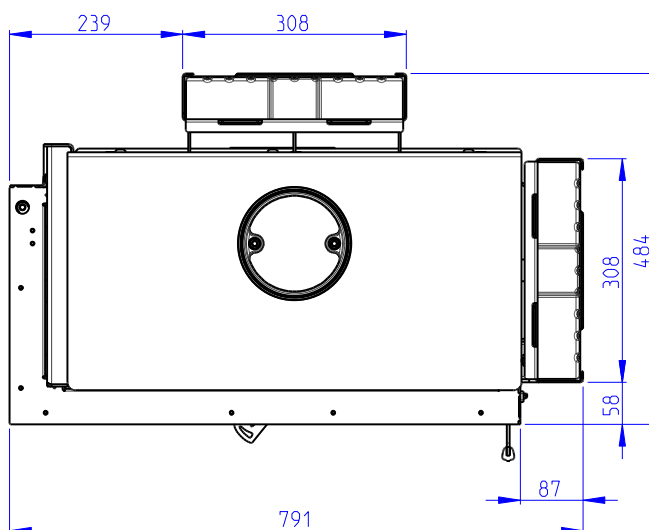
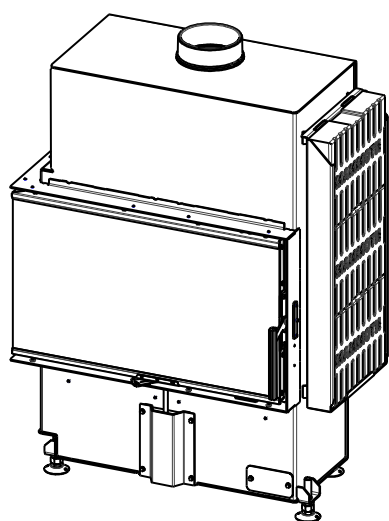
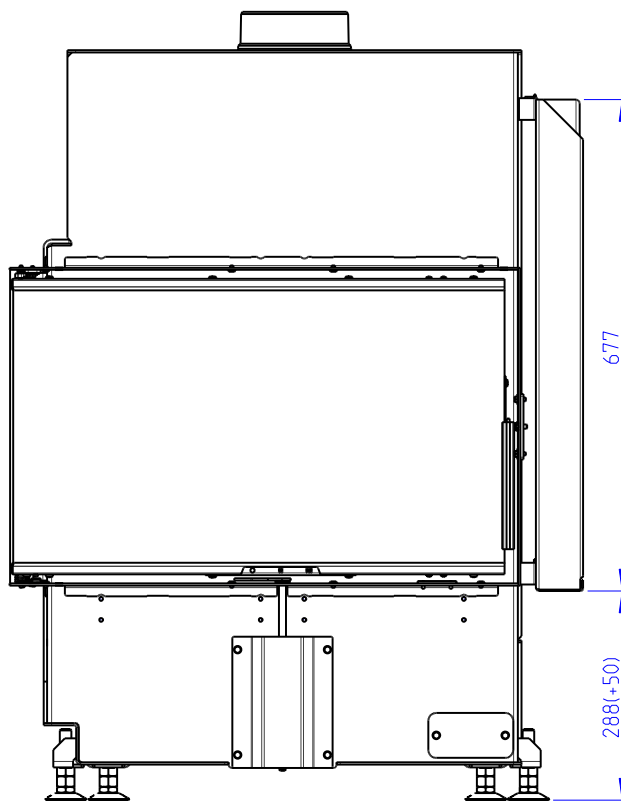
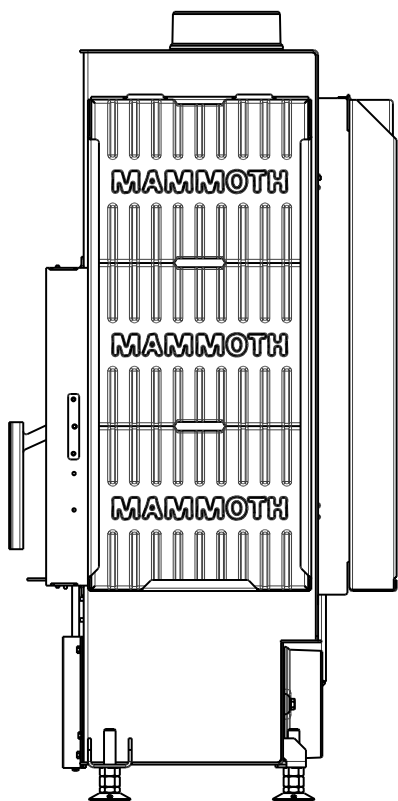
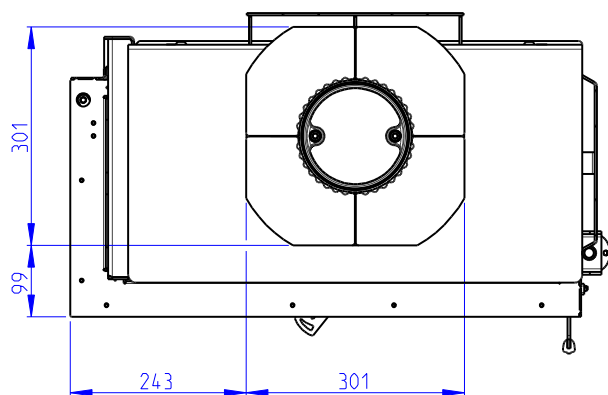
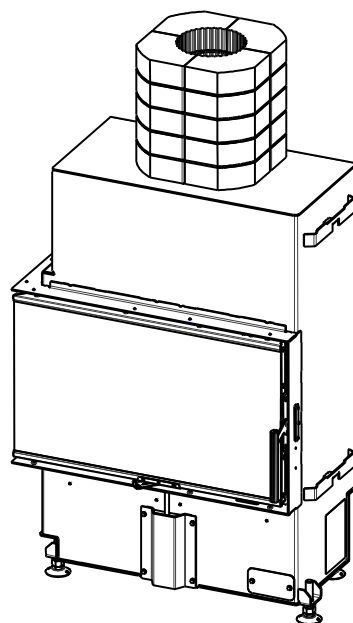
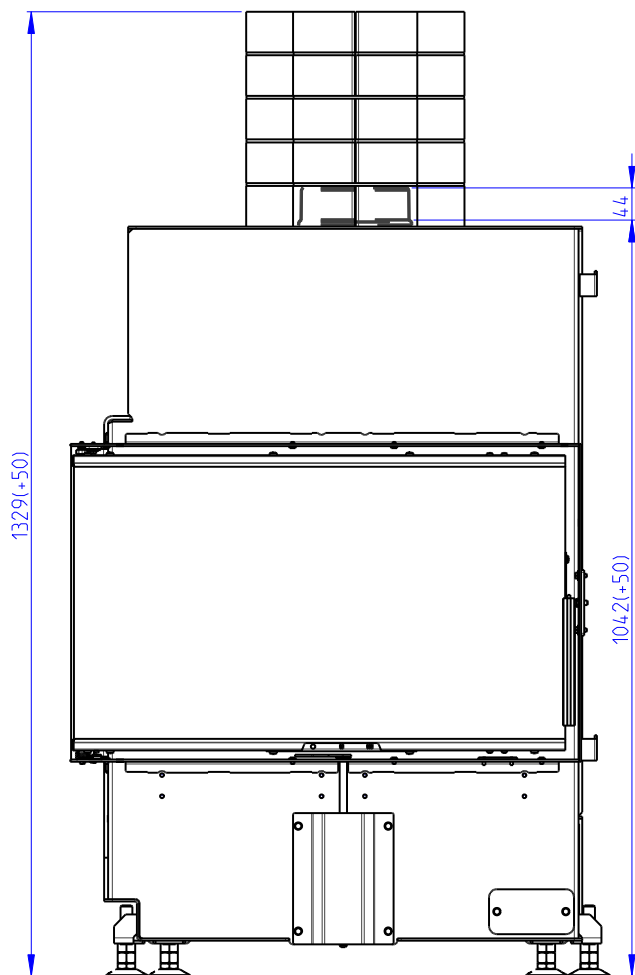
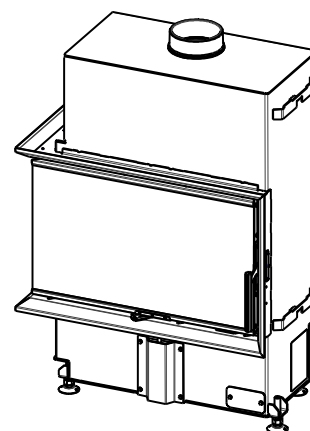
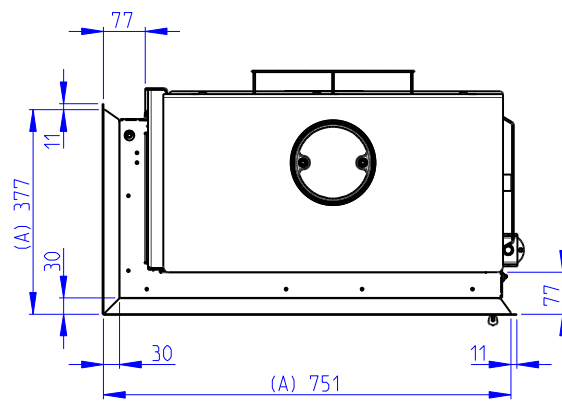
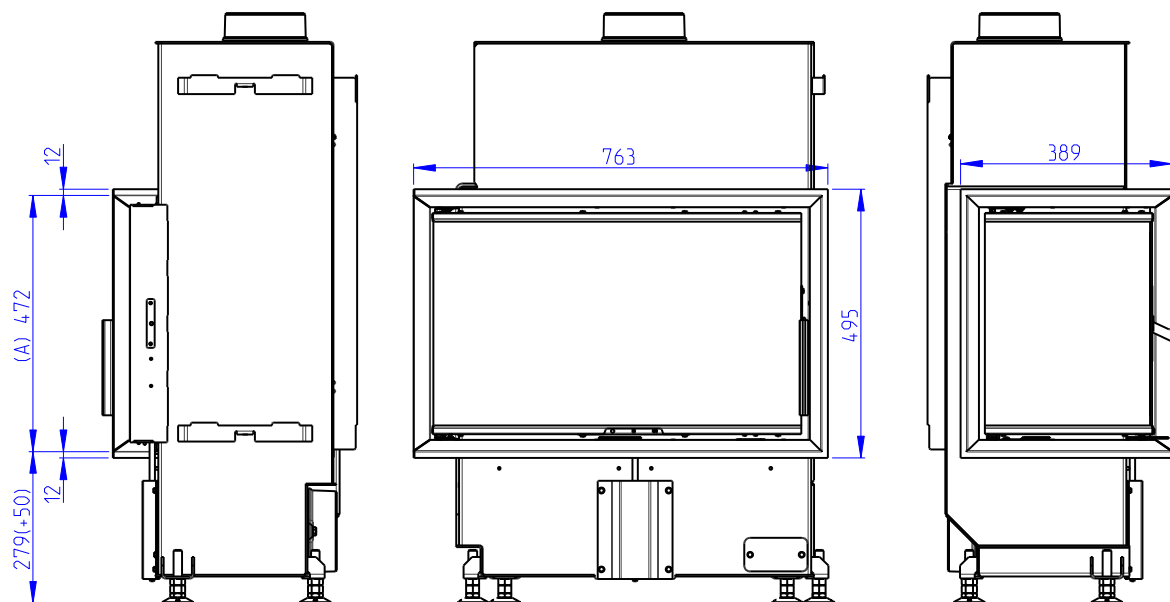


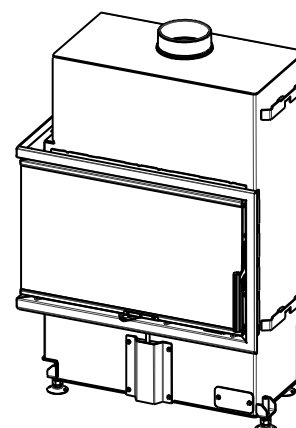
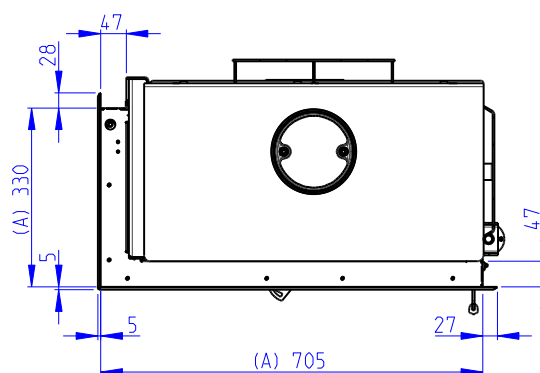
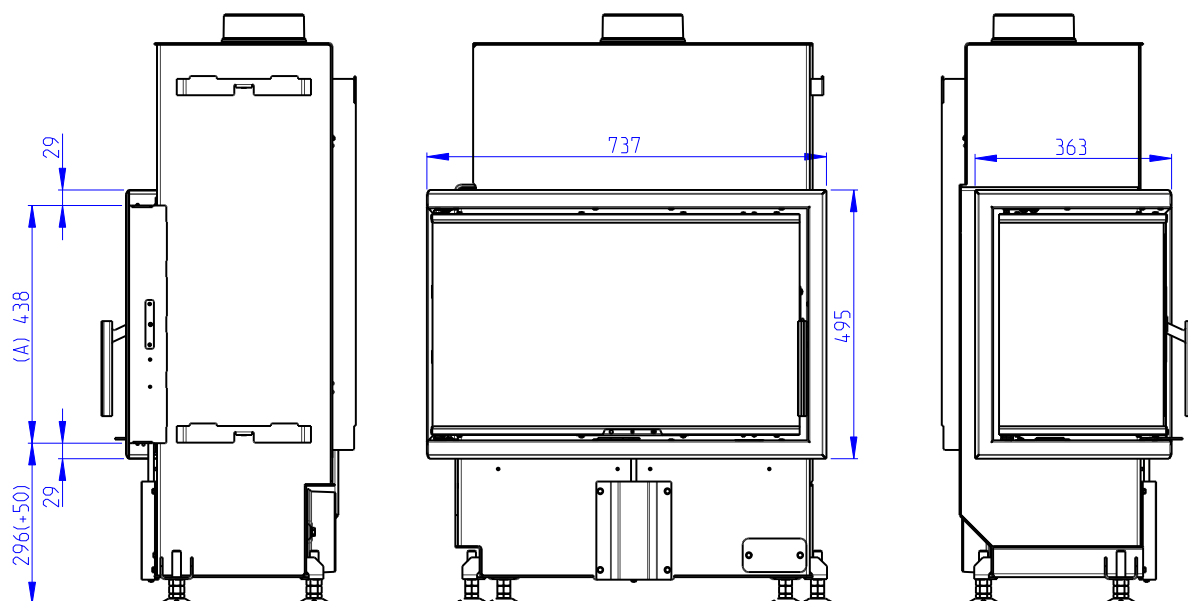
- (A) Zastavbovy rozmer / In-built dimension / Baumaße / Dimension intégrée
 (B) Litinový odvod kouře / Cast iron spigot / Der gusseiserne Rauchabgang / Sortie de fumée en fonte
 (C) Centrální privod vzduchu / Central air inlet / Zentralluftzufuhr / Arrivée d'air extérieur
 (D) Primární a sekundární vzduch / Primary and secondary air / Primärluft und Sekundärluft / Air primaire et secondaire
 (L) Volná plocha prosklení / Free glass area / Freie Glassichtfläche / Surface en verre libre











Declared qualities stated

 Harmonised technical specification ✓ EN 16510-1 ed.2:2023 | EN 16510-2-2:2022 ✓ Ecodesign ✓ DIN+ ✓ BlmSchV2 ✓ 15a B-VG 2015

Classification of appliance	Type BE		
		Nominal heat output (nom)	Part load heat output (part)
Energy efficiency	$\eta_{nom} \eta_{part}$	80	---
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency at nominal heat output	$\eta_{Snom} \eta_{Spart}$	70	---
Energy Efficiency Index	EEI	106	
Energy label		A	
Fuel		Wood logs	
Fuel length		180-350	
Average fuel consumption		2,72	---
Allowed fuel dose		3,5	
Fuel supply interval		1 hour	
Amount of combustion air		34,5	
Nominal heat output	$P_{nom} P_{part}$	9,0	---
Hot-water exchanger nominal heat output	$P_{Wnom} P_{Wpart}$	---	---
Maximum water operating pressure	P_W	---	
Dry flue gas mass flow rate	$\Phi_{f, g nom} \Phi_{f, g part}$	6,9	---
Average flue gas temperature		291	---
Flue gas outlet temperature	$T_{snom} T_{spart}$	349	---
Flue draught	$P_{nom} P_{part}$	12	---
Chimney temperature class		T400	
Connection to the common chimney		Yes	
Storage of fuel in the wood shed area		No	
Maximum warming of the wood in the wood shed		---	
Dust O ₂ = 13 %	$PM_{nom} PM_{part}$	34	---
Emissions of gases of combustion (CO in the flue gases at O ₂ = 13 %)	$CO_{nom} CO_{part}$	0,0872 1090	---
OGC O ₂ = 13 %	$OGC_{nom} OGC_{part}$	51	---
NO _x O ₂ = 13 %	$NO_{xnom} NO_{xpart}$	80	---
Automatic regulation unit of burning		---	---
Electricity consumption in standby mode	e_{lsb}	---	
Electricity consumption	$e_{lmax} e_{lmin}$	---	---
Standing air loss	V_h	---	
Intermittent operation Continuous operation	INT CON	INT	

Basic technical data

Principal dimensions (Height Width Length)	H W L	1086 744 419	mm
Combustion chamber dimensions	H W L	436 568 239	mm
Fireplace door dimensions	H W L	407 678 308	mm
Axis height of the rear (side) outlet		---	mm
Volume of hot-water exchanger		---	l
Flue diameter		150	mm
Diameter of flue throat	d_{out}	150	mm
Diameter of external air connection		150	mm
Maximum length (pipe) of external air intake		6000	mm
Weight	m	128	kg

Heat capacity

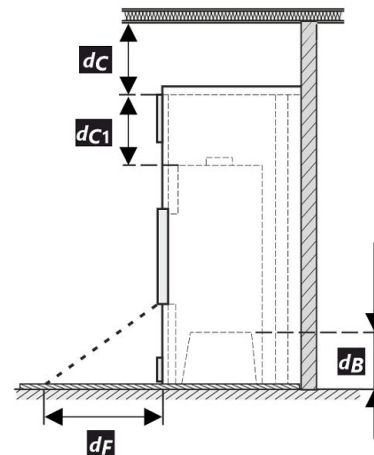
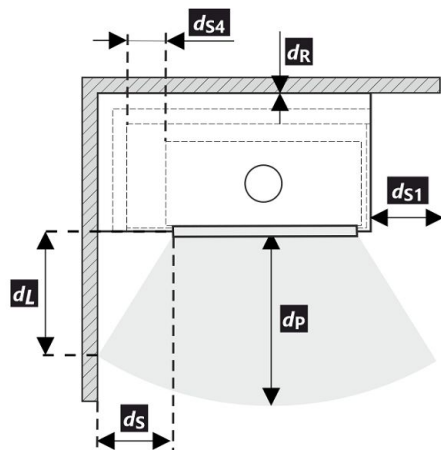
minimum size of the room of appliance installation

Insulation of the house – very good (20 W/m ³)	e.g. new, insulated house / permanently inhabited	280	m ³
Insulation of the house – good (22,5 W/m ³)		249	m ³
Insulation of the house – middle (32 W/m ³)		175	m ³
Insulation of the house – bad (45 W/m ³)		124	m ³
Insulation of the house – very bad (50 W/m ³)	e.g. old, uninsulated house / cottage / chalet	112	m ³

Distances from flammable materials

Note

Back	d_R		0	mm	
Front	d_P d_{P1}		1000	---	mm
Front to the floor	d_F d_{F1}		340	---	mm
Side	d_S d_{S1}	*	270	800	mm
Side – niche	d_{S2}		---		mm
Side – location 45°	d_{S3}		---		mm
Side radiation	d_L d_{L1}		330	---	mm
From the floor	d_B	**	100		mm
From the ceiling	d_C		500		mm
From the back and side edge of the fireplace insert to the inside of the insulation	d_{S4}	*	120		mm



All local regulations, including regulations relating to national and European standards, must be observed during the installation and operation of the product.

In case 65 K is not superseded due to radiation on the floor in front and/or on the side walls, d_F and/or d_L are 0 mm.

- * If the distance from the door glass to the combustible side wall is $d_S < 270$ mm and must not be $d_{S4} < 120$ mm, this wall must be protected by a SILCA 250 (SILCA® 250SB, thickness 2x50 mm) or can be replaced by an adequate substitute.
- ** If the distance of the bottom of the fireplace insert is from the combustible floor $d_B < 100$ mm, while it must not be $d_B < 100$ mm, the combustible floor must be protected from inserts by a SILCA 250 (SILCA® 250SB, thickness 40 mm) or can be replaced by an adequate substitute.

Legend	Note	Description	Material	Dimension
1		Appliance	174W 0000 004	
2		Flue gas outlet	metal	DN150
3		Insulation of the flue gas connection		
4		Mineral insulation		
5		Convection air space around the appliance		
6		Protective insulation of walls	SILCA 250	2x50 mm
6A		Protective ceiling insulation	SILCA 250	80 mm
7		Protective wall	hollow burnt brick	100 mm
8		Combustible wall		

9		Concrete slab	
10		Combustible floor	
11		Decorative / ornamental beam	
12		Beam with ventilation air gap	
13		Convection air inlet	600 cm ²
14		Convection air outlet	800 cm ²
15		Lining	SILCA 250 40 mm
16		Support frame	
17		Combustible ceiling	
18	**	Protective insulation board for combustible floors	SILCA 250 40 mm
19		Combustion air regulation	
20		Sheet metal cover if mineral wool is used	
21		If necessary, a floor protection plate under the appliance	
d _c		From the top of the exhaust vent to the combustible ceiling	500 mm
d _{c1}		- From the top of the fireplace insert to the underside of the ceiling insulation	300 mm
		- In the case of an installed heat exchanger from the top edge of the heat exchanger to the underside of the ceiling insulation	200 mm
d _{s4}	*	From the back and side edge of the fireplace insert to the inside of the insulation	120 mm
d _{ss}		From the front edge of the fireplace insert to the inside of the insulation	10 mm
d _B	**	From the bottom of the fireplace insert to the fireproof floor	100 mm

Caution: Fire protection / insulation boards SILCA® 250SB can be replaced by a suitable nonflammable material with a thermal conductivity (λ) $\leq 1,1 \text{ W}\cdot\text{m}^{-1}\cdot\text{K}^{-1}$.

Protective wall – hollow burnt brick (thickness 100 mm) can be replaced by a suitable nonflammable material with a thermal conductivity (λ) $\leq 0,36 \text{ W}\cdot\text{m}^{-1}\cdot\text{K}^{-1}$.

