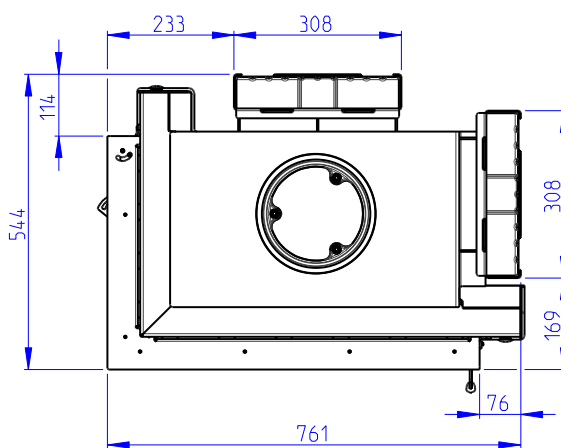
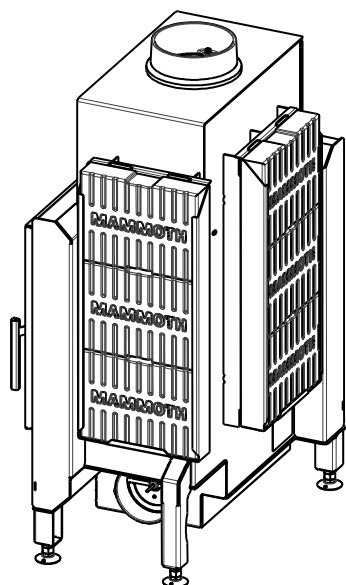
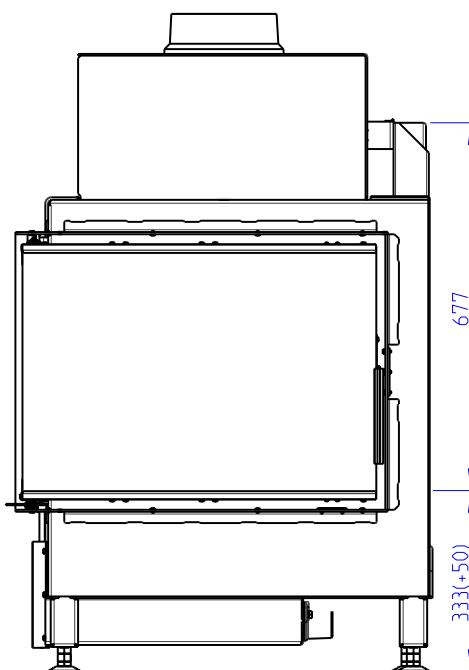
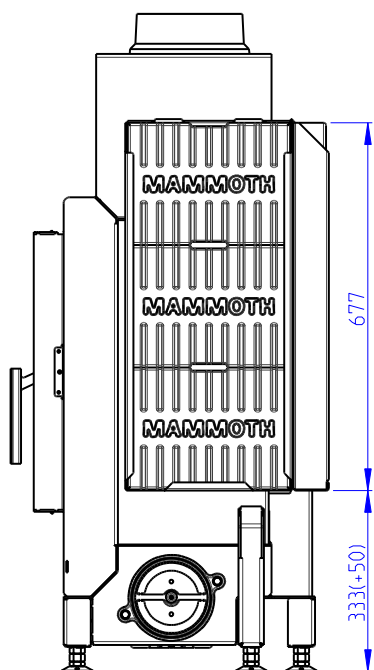
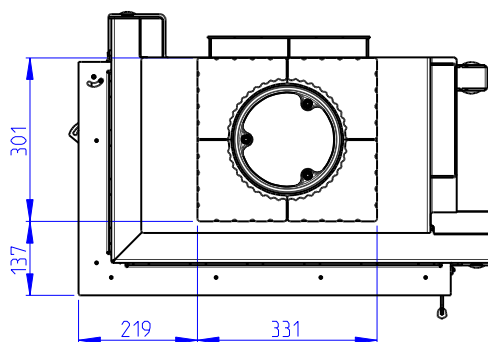
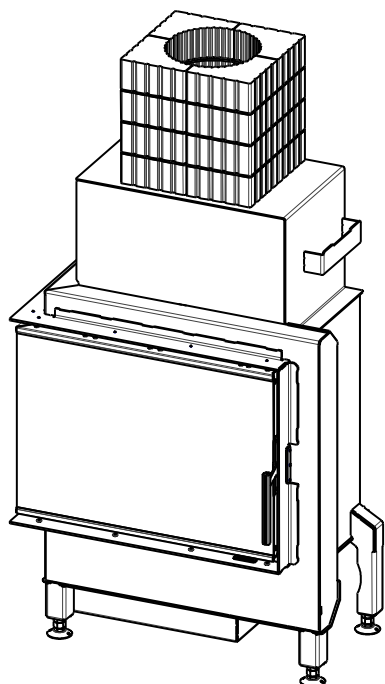
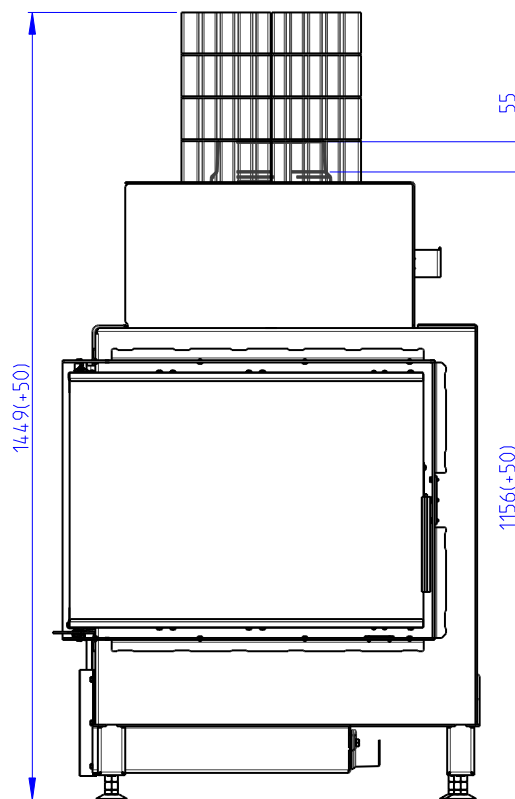
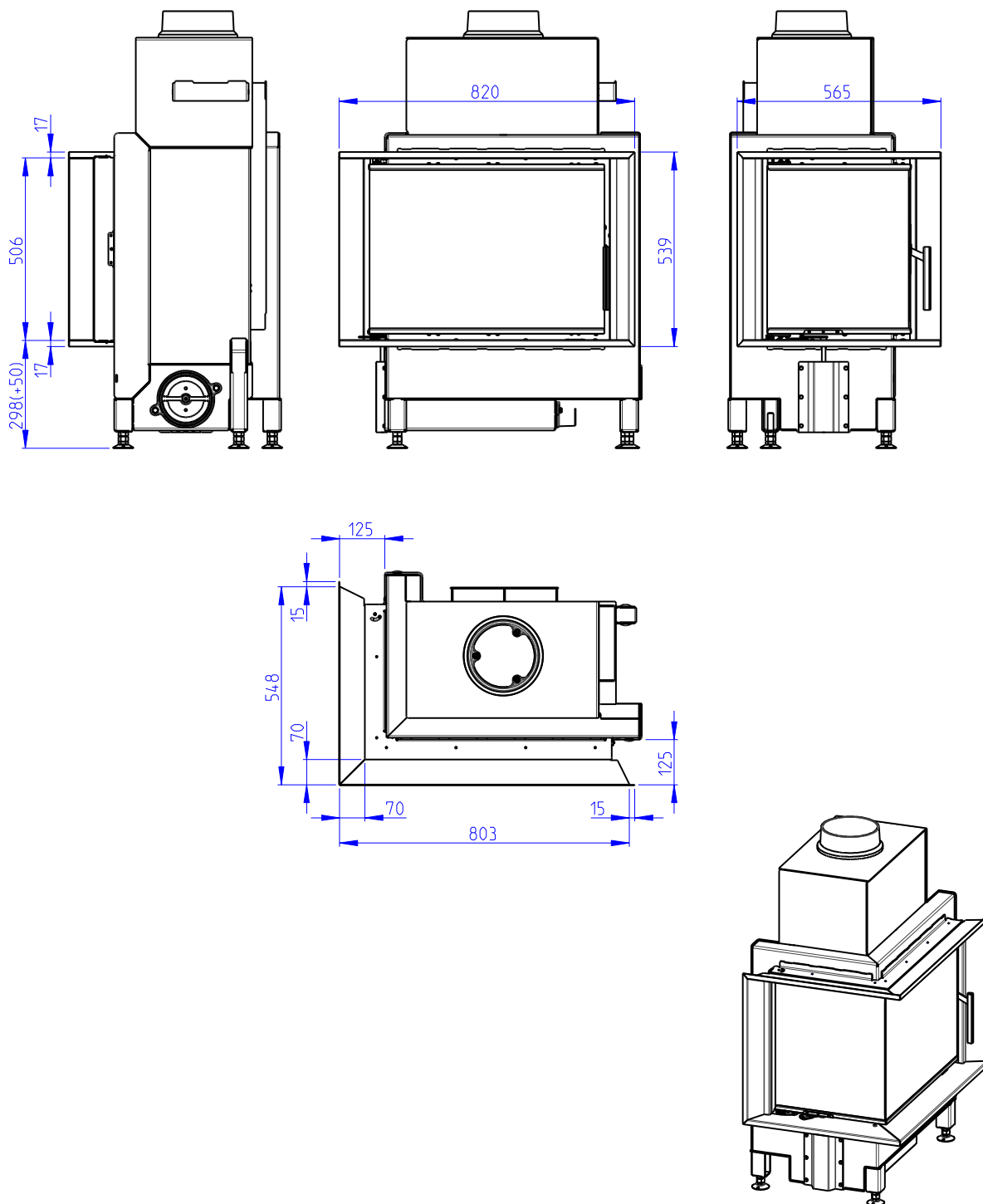
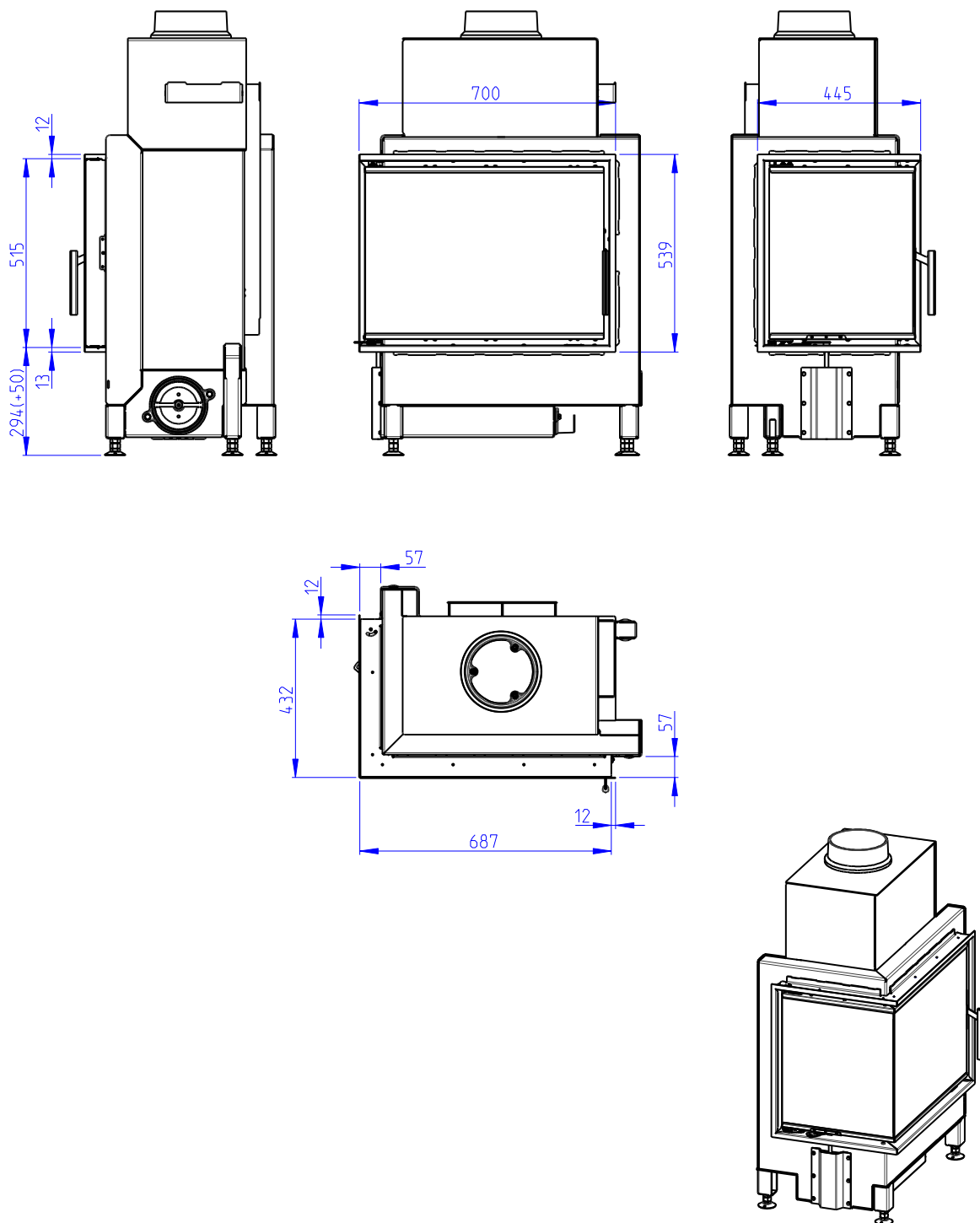


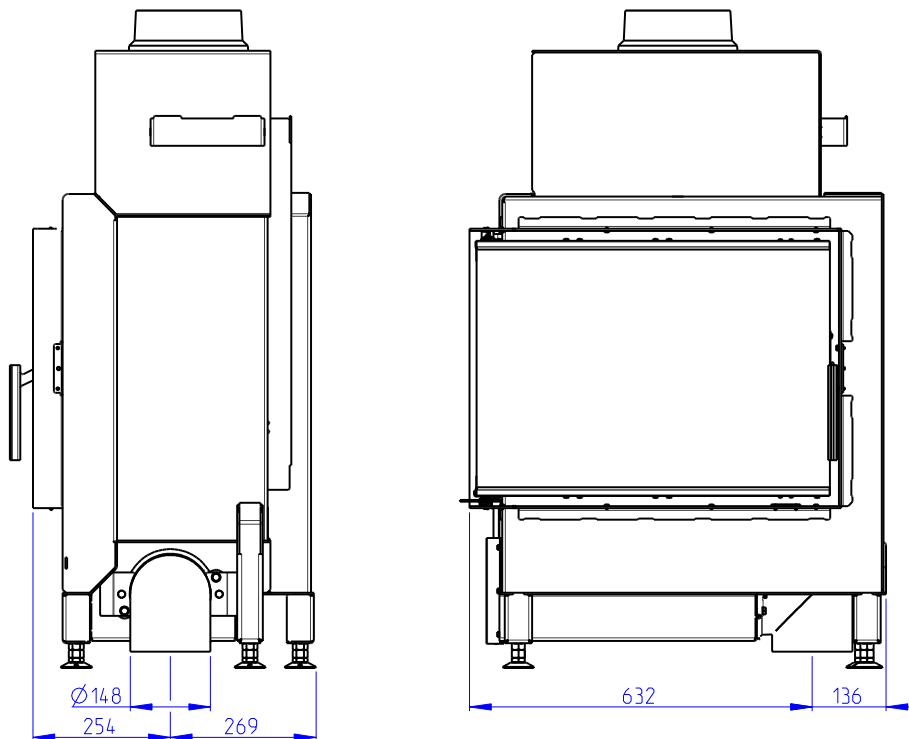
- (A) Zastavbovy rozmer / In-built dimension / Baumaße / Dimension intégrée
 (B) Litinový odvod kouře / Cast iron spigot / Der gusseiserne Rauchabgang / Sortie de fumée en fonte
 (C) Centralní privod vzduchu / Central air inlet / Zentralluftzufuhr / Arrivée d'air extérieur
 (D) Primární a sekundární vzduch / Primary and secondary air / Primärluft und Sekundärluft / Air primaire et secondaire
 (L) Volná plocha prosklení / Free glass area / Freie Glassichtfläche / Surface en verre libre











Declared qualities stated

 Harmonised technical specification ✓ EN 16510-1 ed.2:2023 | EN 16510-2-2:2022 ✓ Ecodesign ✓ DIN+ ✓ BlmSchV2 ✓ 15a B-VG 2015

Classification of appliance	Type BE			
		Nominal heat output (nom)	Part load heat output (part)	
Energy efficiency	$\eta_{nom} \eta_{part}$	81	---	%
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency at nominal heat output	$\eta_{Snom} \eta_{Spart}$	71	---	%
Energy Efficiency Index	EEI	107		
Energy label		A+		
Fuel		Wood logs		
Fuel length		180-350		mm
Average fuel consumption		3,12	---	kg/h
Allowed fuel dose		4,1		kg/h
Fuel supply interval		1 hour		
Amount of combustion air		39,5		m ³ /h
Nominal heat output	$P_{nom} P_{part}$	10,4	---	kW
Hot-water exchanger nominal heat output	$P_{Wnom} P_{Wpart}$	---	---	kW
Maximum water operating pressure	P_W	---		bar
Dry flue gas mass flow rate	$\Phi_{f, g nom} \Phi_{f, g part}$	9,4	---	g/s
Average flue gas temperature		250	---	°C
Flue gas outlet temperature	$T_{snom} T_{spart}$	300	---	°C
Flue draught	$p_{nom} p_{part}$	12	---	Pa
Chimney temperature class		T400		
Connection to the common chimney		Yes		
Storage of fuel in the wood shed area		No		
Maximum warming of the wood in the wood shed		---		°C
Dust O ₂ = 13 %	$PM_{nom} PM_{part}$	33	---	mg/Nm ³
Emissions of gases of combustion (CO in the flue gases at O ₂ = 13 %)	$CO_{nom} CO_{part}$	0,0930 1162	---	% mg/Nm ³
OGC O ₂ = 13 %	$OGC_{nom} OGC_{part}$	53	---	mg/Nm ³
NOx O ₂ = 13 %	$NO_{xnom} NO_{xpart}$	79	---	mg/Nm ³
Automatic regulation unit of burning		---	---	
Electricity consumption in standby mode	e_{lsb}	---		kW
Electricity consumption	$e_{lmax} e_{lmin}$	---	---	kW
Standing air loss	V_h	---		m ³ /h
Intermittent operation Continuous operation	INT CON	INT		

Basic technical data

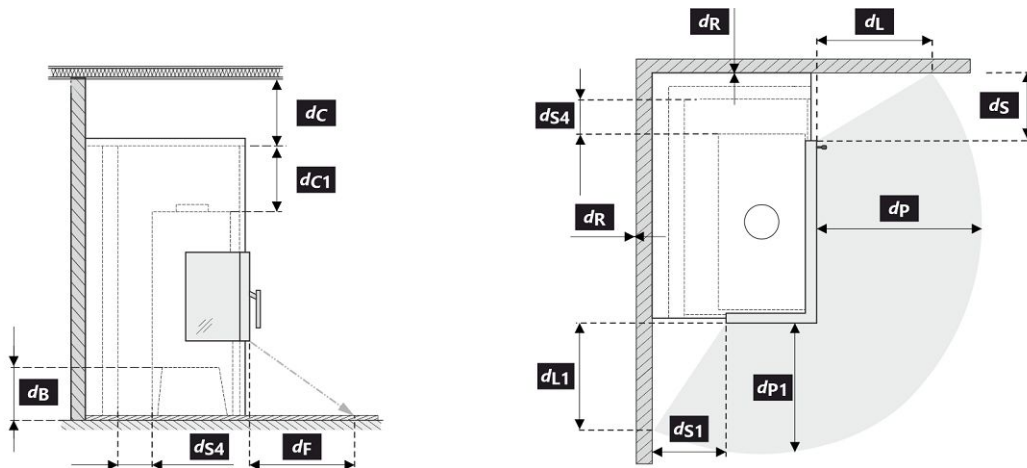
Principal dimensions (Height Width Length)	H W L	1206 768 522	mm
Combustion chamber dimensions	H W L	506 551 290	mm
Fireplace door dimensions	H W L	470 652 397	mm
Axis height of the rear (side) outlet		---	mm
Volume of hot-water exchanger		---	l
Flue diameter		200	mm
Diameter of flue throat	d_{out}	200	mm
Diameter of external air connection		150	mm
Maximum length (pipe) of external air intake		6000	mm
Weight	m	162	kg

Heat capacity
minimum size of the room of appliance installation

Insulation of the house – very good (20 W/m ³)	e.g. new, insulated house / permanently inhabited	308	m ³
Insulation of the house – good (22,5 W/m ³)		274	m ³
Insulation of the house – middle (32 W/m ³)		193	m ³
Insulation of the house – bad (45 W/m ³)		137	m ³
Insulation of the house – very bad (50 W/m ³)	e.g. old, uninsulated house / cottage / chalet	123	m ³

Distances from flammable materials
Note

Back	d_R	0	mm	
Front	d_P d_{P1}	1000	800	mm
Front to the floor	d_F d_{F1}	340	300	mm
Side	d_S d_{S1}	*	270	mm
Side – niche	d_{S2}	---	mm	
Side – location 45°	d_{S3}	---	mm	
Side radiation	d_L d_{L1}	330	280	mm
From the floor	d_B	**	100	mm
From the ceiling	d_C		500	mm
From the back and side edge of the fireplace insert to the inside of the insulation	d_{S4}	*	120	mm



All local regulations, including regulations relating to national and European standards, must be observed during the installation and operation of the product.

In case 65 K is not superseded due to radiation on the floor in front and/or on the side walls, d_F and/or d_L are 0 mm.

- * If the distance from the door glass to the combustible side wall is $d_S < 270$ mm and must not be $d_{S4} < 120$ mm, this wall must be protected by a SILCA 250 (SILCA® 250SB, thickness 2x50 mm) or can be replaced by an adequate substitute.
- ** If the distance of the bottom of the fireplace insert is from the combustible floor $d_B < 100$ mm, while it must not be $d_B < 100$ mm, the combustible floor must be protected from inserts by a SILCA 250 (SILCA® 250SB, thickness 40 mm) or can be replaced by an adequate substitute.

Legend	Note	Description	Material	Dimension
1		Appliance	275B 0000 002	
2		Flue gas outlet	metal	DN200
3		Insulation of the flue gas connection		
4		Mineral insulation		
5		Convection air space around the appliance		
6		Protective insulation of walls	SILCA 250	2x50 mm
6A		Protective ceiling insulation	SILCA 250	80 mm
7		Protective wall	hollow burnt brick	100 mm
8		Combustible wall		

9	Concrete slab		
10	Combustible floor		
11	Decorative / ornamental beam		
12	Beam with ventilation air gap		
13	Convection air inlet		700 cm ²
14	Convection air outlet		900 cm ²
15	Lining	SILCA 250	40 mm
16	Support frame		
17	Combustible ceiling		
18	** Protective insulation board for combustible floors	SILCA 250	40 mm
19	Combustion air regulation		
20	Sheet metal cover if mineral wool is used		
21	If necessary, a floor protection plate under the appliance		
d_c	From the top of the exhaust vent to the combustible ceiling		500 mm
d_{c1}	- From the top of the fireplace insert to the underside of the ceiling insulation		300 mm
	- In the case of an installed heat exchanger from the top edge of the heat exchanger to the underside of the ceiling insulation		200 mm
d_{s4}	* From the back and side edge of the fireplace insert to the inside of the insulation		120 mm
d_{s5}	From the front edge of the fireplace insert to the inside of the insulation		10 mm
d_B	** From the bottom of the fireplace insert to the fireproof floor		100 mm

Caution: Fire protection / insulation boards SILCA® 250SB can be replaced by a suitable nonflammable material with a thermal conductivity (λ) $\leq 1,1 \text{ W}\cdot\text{m}^{-1}\cdot\text{K}^{-1}$.

Protective wall – hollow burnt brick (thickness 100 mm) can be replaced by a suitable nonflammable material with a thermal conductivity (λ) $\leq 0,36 \text{ W}\cdot\text{m}^{-1}\cdot\text{K}^{-1}$.

